

K-Motives and Local Langlands

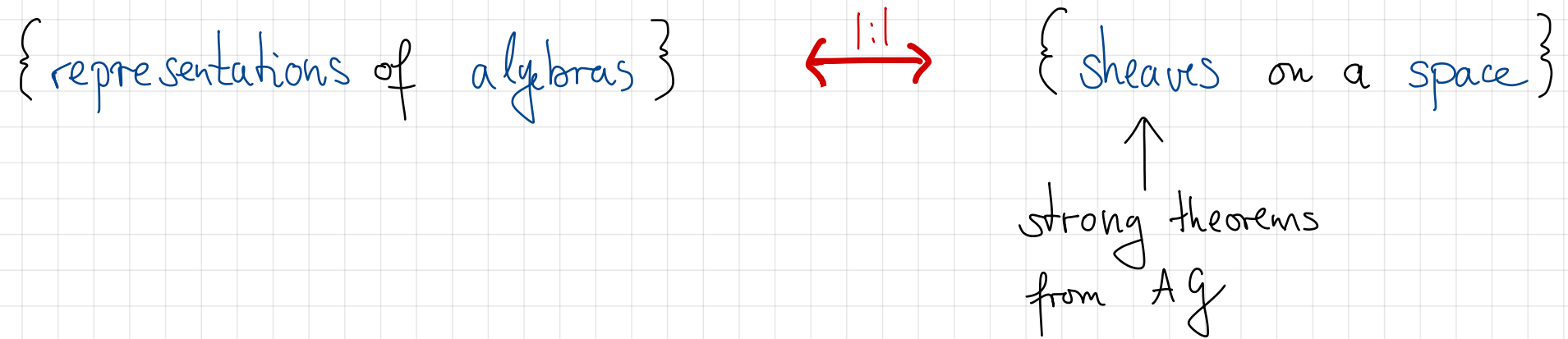
Jens Niklas Eberhardt

DFG
Deutsche
Forschungsgemeinschaft

UNIVERSITÄT 
BONN

Philosophy/Motivation

Geometric representation theory:



Applications

- Compute characters (\leadsto Kazhdan-Lusztig conjectures)
- Parametrize irreducibles (\leadsto Langlands parameters)
- ⋮

Goal of this talk

Theorem (E.)

$$\mathbb{D}^b \left(\begin{array}{c} H_{\text{aff}}\text{-mod} \\ \uparrow \\ \text{affine Hecke algebra} \end{array} \right) \xleftrightarrow{\sim} \mathbb{D}K_r^{\text{Spr}} \left(\begin{array}{c} W / (g \times g_m) \\ \uparrow \\ \text{nilpotent cone} \end{array} \right)$$

K-theoretic sheaves

⊆ Categorical unramified local Langlands correspondence

Outline

(1) Affine Hecke algebra

(2) Springer theory

(3) Equivariant K-motives

(4) Results and Outlook

(1) Affine Hecke algebra

p-adic groups

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 F & \supset & \mathcal{O} & \twoheadrightarrow & K = \mathcal{O}/\pi \\
 \uparrow & & \uparrow & & \uparrow \\
 \text{non Archimedean} & & \text{ring of} & & \text{residue} \\
 \text{local field} & & \text{integers} & & \text{field}
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \check{G}(F) & \supset & \check{G}(\mathcal{O}) & \twoheadrightarrow & \check{G}(K) \\
 \uparrow & & \cup & & \cup \\
 \text{split reductive} & & \check{I} & \twoheadrightarrow & \check{B} \\
 \text{group} & & \uparrow & & \uparrow \\
 & & \text{Iwahori} & & \text{Borel}
 \end{array}$$

Example:

$$\mathbb{Q}_p \supset \mathbb{Z}_p \twoheadrightarrow \mathbb{F}_p = \mathbb{Z}_p/p$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 GL_n(\mathbb{Q}_p) & \supset & GL_n(\mathbb{Z}_p) & \twoheadrightarrow & GL_n(\mathbb{F}_p) \\
 & & \cup & & \cup \\
 & & \left\{ \begin{array}{ccc} \mathbb{Z}_p^* & \mathbb{Z}_p & \mathbb{Z}_p \\ p\mathbb{Z}_p & \vdots & \mathbb{Z}_p \\ p\mathbb{Z}_p & p\mathbb{Z}_p & \mathbb{Z}_p^* \end{array} \right\} & \twoheadrightarrow & \left\{ \begin{array}{ccc} \mathbb{F}_p^* & \mathbb{F}_p & \mathbb{F}_p \\ 0 & \vdots & \mathbb{F}_p \\ 0 & 0 & \mathbb{F}_p^* \end{array} \right\}
 \end{array}$$

(1) Affine Hecke algebra

Jwahon-Hecke algebra

$$H(\check{G}(F), \check{I}) = C_c(\check{I} \backslash \check{G}(F) / \check{I}, \mathbb{C})$$



$$H(\check{G}(F), \check{I})\text{-mod} \xleftarrow{V^{\check{I}}} V \xrightarrow{\sim} \text{Rep}^{\check{I}}(\check{G}(F))$$

smooth rep's V
generated by $V^{\check{I}}$
"principal blocks"

(1) Affine Hecke algebra

Affine Weyl group:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \check{g} & \supset & \check{T} \\ & & \uparrow \\ & & \text{max. torus} \end{array} \quad Y(\check{T}) = \text{Hom}_{\text{alg. grp.}}(\check{g}_m, \check{T})$$

\uparrow
characters

finite Weyl group

$$W_{\text{fin}} = N_{\check{g}(F)}(\check{T}(F)) / \check{T}(F)$$

$$Y(\check{T}) \xrightarrow{\sim} \check{T}(F) / \check{T}(0)$$

$$W_{\text{aff}} = N_{\check{g}(F)}(\check{T}(F)) / \check{T}(0) \cong W_{\text{fin}} \rtimes Y(\check{T})$$

\uparrow
affine Weyl group

Example!

$$GL_n \supset \text{Diag}_n, \quad Y = \mathbb{Z}^n$$

$$W_{\text{fin}} = \{\text{monomial}\} / \{\text{diagonal}\} = S_n$$

$$(a_i) \mapsto \begin{pmatrix} p^{a_1} & & \\ & \ddots & \\ & & p^{a_n} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$W_{\text{aff}} \cong S_n \rtimes \mathbb{Z}^n$$

(1) Affine Hecke algebra

$$\check{g}(F) \stackrel{\text{Bruhat decomposition}}{=} \bigsqcup_{w \in W_{\text{aff}}} \check{I} w \check{I}$$

(Gauss + Smith normal form)

$$H(\check{g}(F), \check{I}) = \bigoplus_{w \in W_{\text{aff}}} \mathbb{C} \delta_w$$

↑ indicator on $\check{I} \backslash \check{I} w \check{I} / \check{I}$

Make generic:

$$H_{\text{aff}} = \bigoplus_{w \in W_{\text{aff}}} \mathbb{Z}[q^{\pm 1}] T_w$$

→ Algebra with explicit generators/relations

affine Hecke algebra

$$H_{\text{aff}} \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}[q^{\pm 1}]} \mathbb{C} \xrightarrow{\sim} H(\check{g}(F), \check{I})$$

$$T_w \longmapsto \delta_w$$

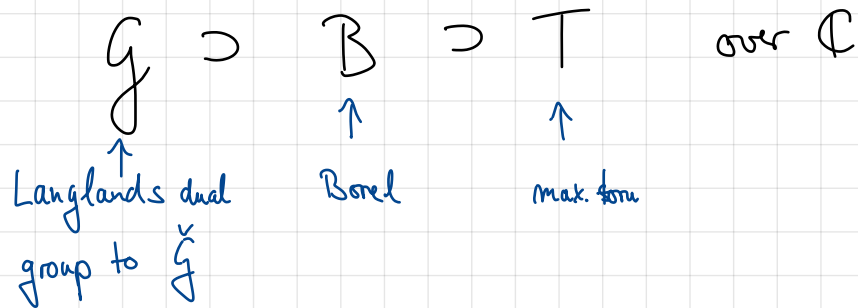
$q \mapsto |k|$

Study $H_{\text{aff}}\text{-mod}$!

(2) Springer theory

Kazhdan-Lusztig + Ginzburg \leadsto different realization of H_{aff}

Springer resolution:



$$\mathfrak{gl}_n \supset \{(\circ \nabla)\} \supset \{(\circ \circ)\}$$

$$\mathcal{W} = \{N \in \mathfrak{g} \mid N \text{ nilpotent}\}$$

\uparrow_m Springer resolution

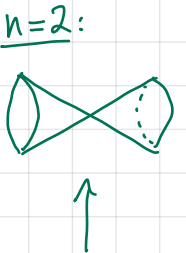
$$\tilde{\mathcal{W}} = T^* \mathfrak{g}/\mathfrak{B} = \mathfrak{g}^{\mathfrak{B}} \times \mathfrak{n}^-$$

\hookrightarrow
 $\mathfrak{g} \times \mathfrak{g}_m$ -action

$$\{A \in \mathbb{C}^{n \times n} \mid A^n = 0\}$$

\uparrow

$$\{(A, F) \in \mathbb{C}^{n \times n} \times \mathcal{FL}(\mathbb{C}^n) \mid A F^i \subset F^{i-1}\}$$



(2) Springer theory

$$Z = \tilde{W} \times_{\tilde{W}} \tilde{W} \xrightarrow{\text{diagonal}} \mathfrak{g} \times \mathfrak{g}_m$$

Steinberg variety

Theorem (Kazhdan-Lusztig, Ginzburg)

$$\left(G_0 \left(Z / \mathfrak{g} \times \mathfrak{g}_m \right), \ast \right) \cong \text{Haff}$$

\uparrow \mathfrak{g} -theory = $k_0(\text{coh}(-))$ \uparrow Convolution product

Intuition: $\text{Haff} \cong \mathbb{Z}[q^{\pm 1}] [W_{\text{fin}}^{\text{Haff}} \times Y(\check{T})]$

$$Z = \bigcup_{w \in W_{\text{fin}}} T_{Y_w} Y, \quad Y = (\mathfrak{g}/\mathfrak{b})^2, \quad Y_w = \mathfrak{g} \cdot (\mathfrak{b}/\mathfrak{b}, \mathfrak{w}\mathfrak{b}/\mathfrak{b})$$

$$Y_e / \mathfrak{g} \times \mathfrak{g}_m \cong \mathfrak{b} \backslash \mathfrak{g} / \mathfrak{g} \times \mathfrak{g}_m \cong \mathfrak{b} / \mathfrak{t} \times \mathfrak{g}_m \quad G_0(\mathfrak{b} / \mathfrak{t} \times \mathfrak{g}_m) = \underbrace{\mathbb{Z}[q^{\pm 1}]}_{\mathfrak{f}_0(\mathfrak{b} / \mathfrak{t})} [X(\check{T})] = \mathbb{Z}[q^{\pm 1}] [Y(\check{T})]$$

Turn into equivalence of categories !!

(3) Equivariant K-motives

Sheaves and Cohomology

$$X \text{ CW-complex} \longmapsto \mathcal{D}(X) \rightsquigarrow$$

\uparrow
 derived category of
 sheaves on X

$$\text{Hom}_{\mathcal{D}(X)} \left(\underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ \text{constant sheaf}}}{\mathbb{Z}}, \mathbb{Z}[n] \right) = \underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ \text{singular cohomology}}}{H^n(X, \mathbb{Z})}$$

$$\text{Hom}_{\mathcal{D}(X)} \left(\mathbb{Z}, \omega_X[n] \right) = \underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ \text{Borel-Moore homology}}}{H_{-n}^{BM}(X, \mathbb{Z})}$$

$$X \text{ variety/stack} \longmapsto \text{??} \rightsquigarrow$$

$$\text{??} = \underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ \text{alg. K-theory}}}{K_n(X)}$$

$$\text{??} = \underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ \text{alg. G-theory}}}{G_n(X)}$$

(3) Equivariant K-motives

Definition: \mathcal{X} "nice" stack, e.g. $\mathcal{X} = [X/GL_n]$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} DK(\mathcal{X}) & = & \text{Mod}_{KGL_{\mathcal{X}}}(\text{SH}(\mathcal{X})) \\ \uparrow & & \uparrow \\ K\text{-motives} & & \text{motivic stable homotopy category} \\ & & \uparrow \\ & & \text{spectrum representing alg. K-th.} \end{array}$$

Then:

$$\text{Hom}_{DK(\mathcal{X})}(\mathbb{Z}, \mathbb{Z}[n]) = K_{-n}(\mathcal{X}) \quad (\text{if } \mathcal{X} \text{ is smooth})$$

$$\text{Hom}_{DK(\mathcal{X})}(\mathbb{Z}, \omega_{\mathcal{X}}[n]) = G_{-n}(\mathcal{X})$$

(3) Equivariant K-motives

Reduced K-motives:

For us: higher K-theory $G_n(\mathbb{Z}/g \times g_m)$, $K_n(\mathbb{C})$ $n > 0$ is irrelevant.

Definition:

Lurie tensor product

$$DK_r(\mathcal{X}) = DK(\mathcal{X}) \underset{DKT(\text{Spec } \mathbb{C})}{\otimes} \underset{\downarrow}{D^b(\text{ob})} = "DK_r(\mathcal{X}) \underset{K(\mathbb{C})}{\otimes} K(\mathbb{C})/K_{>0}(\mathbb{C})"$$

reduced K-motives

Theorem: (E.-Scholbach) DK_r has six operations $f_!^*, f_!, f_*, f_*$, \otimes , hom

(4) Results and Outlook

K-motivic Springer theory:

Let $\mu: X \rightarrow Y$ be a map of "nice" stacks, such that

(1) X is regular, μ is proper

(2) $\tilde{Z} = X \times_Y X$ is cellular (= built from BG's, A^n 's ...)

Let $H(\tilde{Z}) = (G_0(\tilde{Z}), *)$, $DK_r^{spr}(Y) = \langle \mu_* \mathbb{1} \rangle_{\text{stable}} \subset DK(Y)$.

Theorem: (E.):

$$D_{\text{perf}}(H(\tilde{Z})) \overset{\sim}{\rightleftarrows} DK_r^{spr}(Y)$$

(4) Results and Outlook

Corollary: (\leadsto Introduction)

$$D^b(\text{Haff}) \xleftrightarrow{\sim} DK_r^{\text{Spa}}(W/g \times g_m)$$

Corollary:

$$D^b(\text{Rep}^{\ddot{I}}(\ddot{g})) \xleftrightarrow{\sim} DK_r^{\text{Spa}}(W/g \times g_m)_{q=|K|}$$

+ similar results for $DM_r^{\text{Spa}}(W/g \times g_m)$, $D^{\text{Spa}}(W/g \times g_m)$, ...

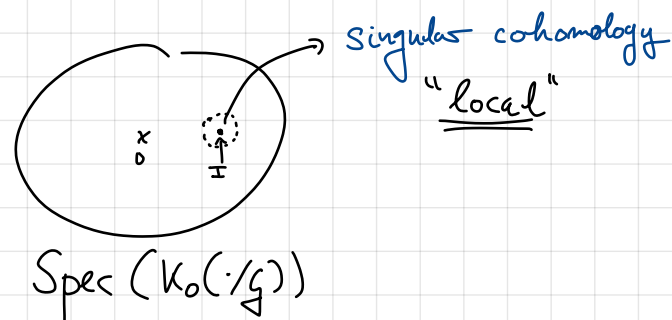
(\leadsto E.-Stroppel, Rider)

(4) Results and Outlook

"globalization": Atiyah-Segal completion

$$I = \ker(K_0(\cdot/g) \rightarrow K_0(\text{pt}))$$

$$K_0^{\text{top}}(X/g)_{\mathbb{Q}, I} \hat{=} \prod_n H_{\text{sing}}^n(X/g, \mathbb{Q})$$



Obtain specialization functors:

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} DK(X)_{\mathbb{Q}} & \leftarrow & DM(X)_{\mathbb{Q}} & \rightarrow & D(X(\mathbb{C}))_{\mathbb{Q}} \\ \uparrow & & & & \uparrow \\ \text{global} & & & & \text{local around } I. \end{array}$$

\leadsto Deligne-Langlands correspondence for H_{aff}

(4) Results and Outlook

Categorified Chern characters:

$$LX = X \times_{X \times X} X \quad \text{Loop space}$$

Conj: There is a categorified Chern character functor ch , such that the following diagram commutes:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} DK^{Spr}(W/g \times g_m) & \xrightarrow{ch} & Coh^{Spr}(L(W/g \times g_m)) \\ \downarrow \cong & & \downarrow \cong \\ D_{perf}(H_{aff}) & = & D_{perf}(H_{aff}) \end{array} \left. \vphantom{\begin{array}{ccc} DK^{Spr}(W/g \times g_m) & \xrightarrow{ch} & Coh^{Spr}(L(W/g \times g_m)) \\ \downarrow \cong & & \downarrow \cong \\ D_{perf}(H_{aff}) & = & D_{perf}(H_{aff}) \end{array}} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \text{Coherent Springer theory} \\ \text{Ben-Zvi-Chen-Helm-Nadler, Zhu} \\ \text{Hellmann, Hemo, ...} \end{array}$$

Geometric Langlands

Constructible

Coherent

k -motivic

(4) Results and Outlook

Further:

Theorem (E., Taylor) "Global Koszul duality"

$$DK_r(\mathcal{B} \setminus \mathcal{G} / \mathcal{B}) \stackrel{\sim}{\leftrightarrow} D_{\text{mon}}(\check{\mathcal{U}} \setminus \mathcal{G} / \check{\mathcal{U}})$$

Conj. "Quantum K-theoretic Satake"

$$DK_r(\mathfrak{g}(0) \times \mathfrak{g}_m \setminus \mathfrak{g}^{(F)} / \mathfrak{g}^{(F)}) \stackrel{\sim}{\leftrightarrow} D_{u_{\mathfrak{g}(\check{\mathfrak{g}})}}(\mathcal{O}_{\mathfrak{g}(\check{\mathfrak{g}})}\text{-mod})$$

⋮

ありがとうございます

